

<b>Research Title</b>	Attitudes and Behaviors of Suan Dusit Rajabhat University Students with Regards to AIDS Prevention
<b>Researcher</b>	Mr. Jatupon Dongjit Miss. Pawini Rotprasoet And Group
<b>Research Consultants</b>	Bachelor of Arts Program in Political Science
<b>Organization</b>	Faculty of Humanities and Social Sciences Suan Dusit Rajabhat University
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The objectives of this research were 1) to study the knowledge, attitudes, and behaviors of Suan Dusit Rajabhat University students related to AIDS prevention and 2) to determine if there were relationships between those factors and the students' demographics, namely gender, religion, age, grade point average (GPA), program of study, sexual partners, sexual experience, income, and expenses. The research instrument was a questionnaire.

The research results revealed that the students received information about AIDS from television, the Internet, newspapers, and magazines. Their knowledge about AIDS was at a low level. They were not certain about their attitudes towards AIDS ( $M = 3.36$ ). They also behaved in accordance with AIDS prevention procedures on a regular basis ( $M = 2.42$ ).

The hypothesis testing revealed that students who differed in year of study, GPA, program of study, and sexual experience had significantly different habits with regards to AIDS prevention,  $p = .05$ . The students' knowledge of AIDS had a weak relationship with their behavior in AIDS prevention,  $p = .05$ . There was no relationship between students' attitudes towards AIDS and their behavior in AIDS prevention,  $p = .05$ .

This study suggests that a campaign to provide accurate knowledge and proper attitudes towards AIDS should be set up in order to educate students and cope with the problem of AIDS transmission among students.